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Reaction of Western Gulls, Larus occidentalis to Recorded Seagull Vocal Calls played at Golden Gardens

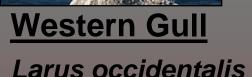


Developing curiousity and confidence through student-led scientific research on the waters of the Salish Sea

Reaction of Western Gulls, Larus occidentalis to Recorded Seagull Vocal Calls played at Golden Gardens

(Seagulls like to keep it real)





By Nick Farmasonis
Andrew Mathers
Ben Grosebeck

Species of Gulls in Washington State

California Gull Larus californicus

Western Gull Larus occidentalis



Western Gull



California Gull

Life History

Prey

- Marine invertebrates and fishes.
- Eggs and chicks of seabirds.
- •Scavenges carrion and refuse.

Predators

- Falcons
- Osprey
- Bald Eagles

Nesting Facts

Clutch Size

1–3 eggs

Egg Description

Light buff or greenish with dark blotching.

Condition at Hatching

Chicks semiprecocial at hatching; may leave nest cup at one day old. Covered in cryptically colored down.

Nesting Description

- Nest is a scrape in the ground filled with vegetation, feathers, rope, plastic, or other items.
- Nests in colonies, often with other gull species



Distribution

- Breeds on Pacific coast from Washington to Baja California.
- During winter, regularly occurs north to British Columbia.
- Preferred habitats include coastal waterways, beaches, harbors, dumps, and open ocean

Interesting Facts

- •They typically live 15 years, but can live to at least 25 years.
- •A group of gulls has many collective nouns, including a "flotilla", "gullery", and "screech"
- Seagull Chicks can Distinguish the call of their parents



Map by Cornell Lab of Ornithology Range data by NatureServe

Hypothesis



If a Recorded Seagull call is broadcast then seagulls will congregate near the broadcast because it is similar to their own call and it can signal food

Background



- The Chicks of the Black Headed gull are able to Differentiate between the calls of its own parent out of the calls of other seagull parents
- This talks about how the communication of seagulls is different then human communication
- Babies Seagulls are able to make the distinction between different breeds of seagull to determine their parents

Procedure

- Step 1:Play Recorded Seagull Call using Car Stereo
- Step 2: Count the Number of Seagulls that come within 50 ft of broadcast during a 10min broadcast period
- Step 3: Repeat Procedure over 3 day period
- Step 4:Record Data



Results

- •The greatest accumulation was when there was no call
- •The smallest Accumulation occurred when there was a call
- •5 more gulls appeared when there was no noise

